

# Kotlin is just an island too

Kotlin, Multiplatform & Compose

13.03.2025, Java User Group Stuttgart, Germany  
by Dr. Michael Paus

# Background

## About me

- Dr. Michael Paus ([mp@jugs.org](mailto:mp@jugs.org))
- Aerospace engineer from Stuttgart
- Developer, Consultant, Compose- and JavaFX-enthusiast
- OpenJFX author
- Chairman of the Java User Group Stuttgart e.V. (Organizers of the annual Java Forum Stuttgart)

## Agenda

- The language
- Development tools
- Kotlin Multiplatform (KMP)
- Compose Multiplatform (CMP)

# The language

## Entry points

- <https://kotlinlang.org/community/>
- <https://kotlinlang.slack.com/>

Which features are particularly noteworthy?

# Null-Safety

- Comparison with Java
- Interaction with other language features
  - Elvis-operator ?:
  - ?.let{}
  - if (x != null) { x.doSomething() }

## Data classes

- equals()/hashCode() pair.
- toString() of the form "User(name=John, age=42)".
- componentN() functions corresponding to the properties in their order of declaration.
- copy()

# Immutable data

- List vs. MutableList
- <https://github.com/Kotlin/kotlinx.collections.immutable>

# Serialization

- JSON: kotlinx-serialization-json
  - Protocol buffers: kotlinx-serialization-protobuf
  - CBOR: kotlinx-serialization-cbor
  - Properties: kotlinx-serialization-properties
  - HOCON: kotlinx-serialization-hocon (only on JVM)
- 
- Custom serializers ?
  - Performance ?

# Coroutines

- Asynchronous or non-blocking programming
- One language keyword suspend. Mostly handled via libraries. (kotlinx-coroutines-\*)
- A topic which can be confusing and difficult to grasp.
  - Distinction between normal and suspend functions  
(e.g., no call to suspend functions inside constructor.)
  - Mapping from coroutines to system threads (e.g., no Dispatchers.IO in Wasm)
- Use well established patterns to avoid erroneous programs.

# Development tools

- Kotlin compiler (Jetbrains)
- Build
  - Gradle (Maven not well supported)
  - Amper (<https://www.jetbrains.com/help/kotlin-multiplatform-dev/amper.html>)
- IDE IntelliJ/Android Studio, (Fleet), ???
- Eclipse plugin not very well supported and cannot be recommended.

# Kotlin Multiplatform (KMP)

- Kotlin-(cross-)compilers for many platforms
- Reuse Kotlin code across Android, iOS, web, desktop, and server-side while keeping native code if needed.
- Google officially endorses KMP to share business logic across mobile, web, server, and desktop.
- <https://blog.doubleslash.de/software-technologien/coding-and-frameworks/cross-platform-entwicklung-kotlin-oder-compose-multiplatform-ein-direkter-vergleich>

# Platforms

- JVM
  - JS
  - Wasm (Browser and WASI)
  - Native
- 
- Tier 1:
  - macosX64
  - macosArm64
  - iosSimulatorArm64
  - iosX64
  - iosArm64

## Platforms

- Tier 2:
  - linuxX64
  - linuxArm64
  - watchosSimulatorArm64
  - watchosX64
  - watchosArm32
  - watchosArm64
  - tvosSimulatorArm64
  - tvosX64
  - tvosArm64
- Tier 3:
  - androidNativeArm32
  - androidNativeArm64
  - androidNativeX86
  - androidNativeX64
  - mingwX64
  - watchosDeviceArm64

## Usage

- Devide source code into common and platform specific directories.
- Access platform specific code via expect/actual.

```
// common Code (commonMain)
expect fun getPlatformName(): String

// android specific implementation (androidMain)
actual fun getPlatformName(): String = "Android"

// iOS specific implementation (iosMain)
actual fun getPlatformName(): String = "iOS"
```

- Cross-compile for all configured platforms.
- Creates separate artefact for each configured platform.
- Only possible for all platforms from macOS.

## Problems

- Complex, lengthy build process
- Only works nicely when all code is in Kotlin. (No JVM dependencies)

# Multiplatform libraries

- Find replacement libraries
- <https://klibs.io/>
- <https://github.com/terrakok/kmp-awesome>
- Key libraries
  - Ktor - Http-Server/Client
  - Okio - IO
  - Koin - Dependency injection
  - SqlDelight - Database frontend
  - Kotlinx-serialization - Serialization
  - Kotlin-logging - Logging
  - Kotlinx-datetime - Date/time library
  - Multiplatform-settings - Settings store
  - Kotlinx-collections-immutable - Immutable collection library
  - ...
- Important to watch out for missing features for one of your desired platforms.

# Filling the gaps

- Create various implementations with different techniques.
  - Reference
    - Reference solution via Java
    - Java to Kotlin conversion
      - Convert manually.
      - Convert via J2K (manually remove Java dependencies).
    - C or native compilation
      - Transpile Java reference solution to C via TeaVM and link to application.
      - Compile Java reference solution to shared library via GraalVM/native image (if that is still supported for iOS via Gluon tooling) and link to application.
      - Compile Java reference solution to shared library via OpenJDK/Mobile (once available) and link to application.
      - Compile Java reference solution to shared library via J2ObjC and link to application.
  - Wasm/Js
    - Transpile Java reference solution to Wasm via TeaVM and run via embedded Wasm runtime.
      - Chasm (pure Kotlin), Chicory (only JVM), GraalWasm (only JVM), ...
    - Run (without transpiling) in browser via CheerpJ. +
      - See: (for interfacing) [https://kotlinlang.slack.com/archives/CDFP59223/p1735745154663509?thread\\_ts=1735518020.308579&cid=CDFP59223](https://kotlinlang.slack.com/archives/CDFP59223/p1735745154663509?thread_ts=1735518020.308579&cid=CDFP59223)
    - Transpile via new GraalVM/native-image Wasm backend +
      - <https://2025.wasm.io/sessions/the-future-of-write-once-run-anywhere-from-java-to-webassembly/>
  - Don't use Java at all. Use Rust which may also wrap some C.

## Compose Multiplatform (CMP)

- Compose Multiplatform, a modern UI framework for Kotlin that makes building performant and beautiful user interfaces easy and enjoyable.
- <https://github.com/JetBrains/compose-multiplatform>

# Background

- Developed by Google as the new standard for native Kotlin Android apps.
- Extended by Jetbrains to be used with Kotlin multiplatform.
- Supports Desktop (macOS, Windows, Linux), Mobile (Android and iOS) and Web (JS and Wasm)

## What's the difference?

- Supported by two companies who know what they are doing and who also use it for their own products.
- All code is under the truly OSS Apache license.
- Multiplatform use is actively supported by Google.
- Covers platforms (iOS and Web) where Java never succeeded.

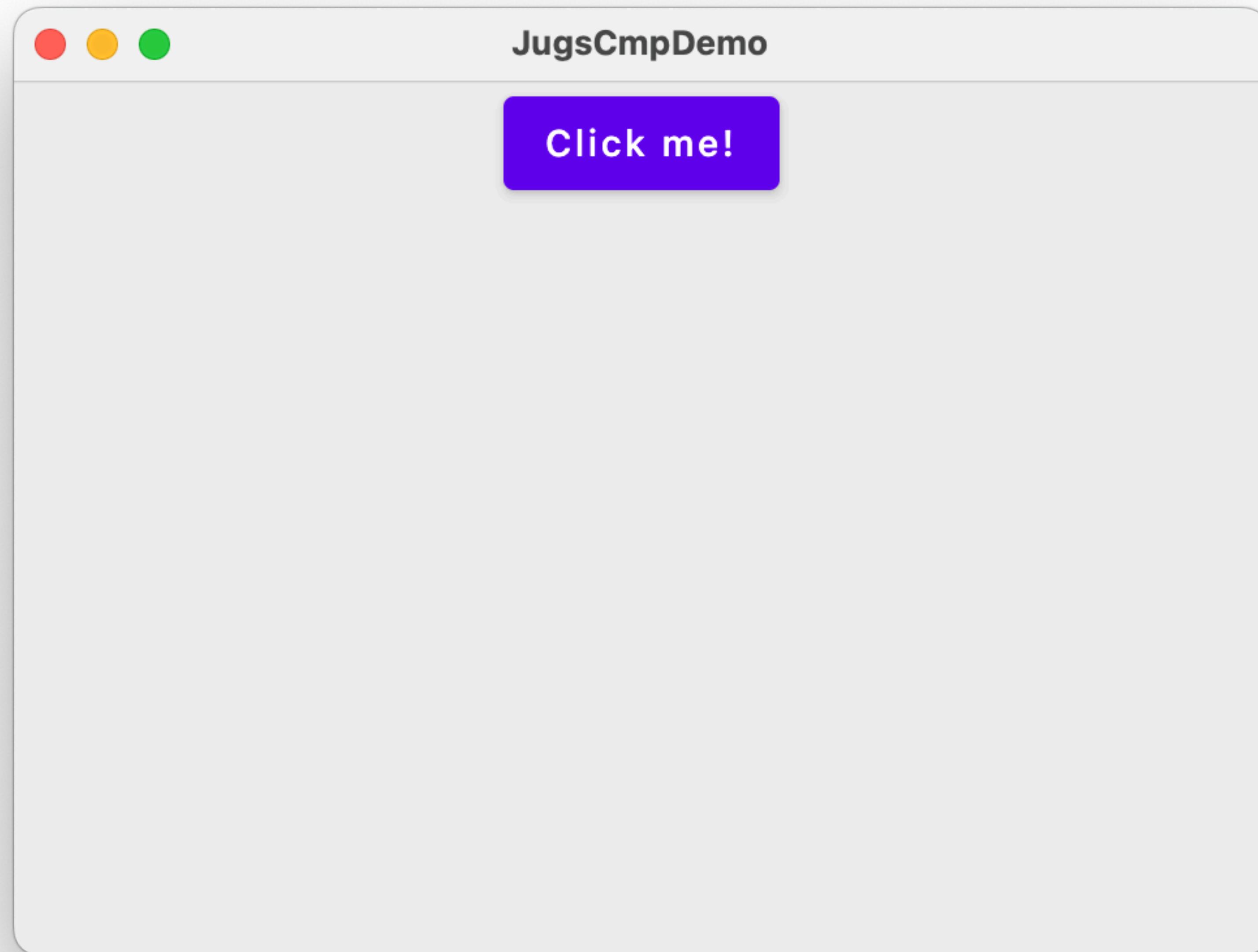
# Usage

- Create a template project with a wizard.
  - <https://kmp.jetbrains.com/>
  - <https://terrakok.github.io/Compose-Multiplatform-Wizard/>
- Examples
  - JugsCmpDemo
  - <https://jfspwa.java-forum-stuttgart.de>
    - Offline-capable PWA
    - Works only with latest browsers!

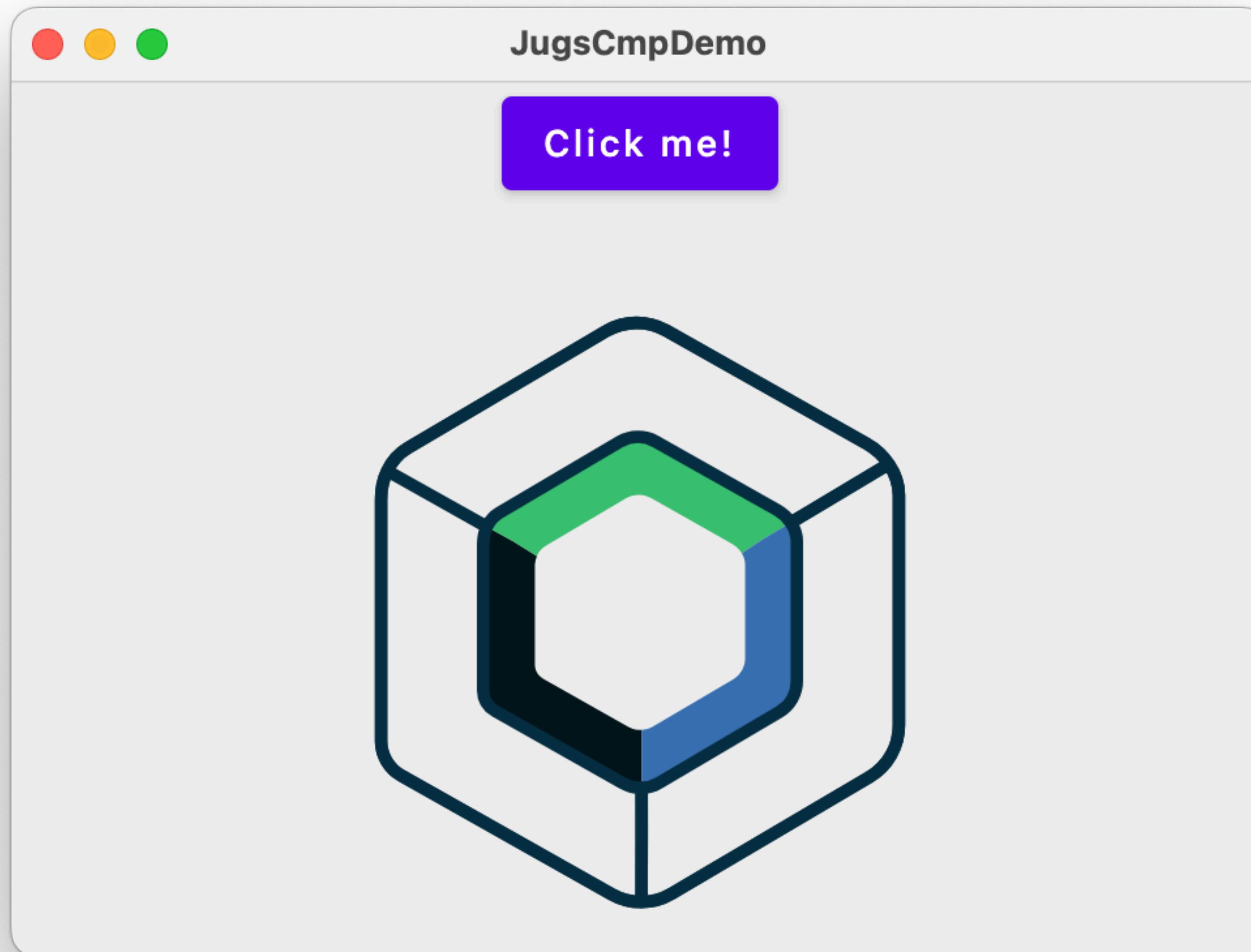
# Example

```
1 package org.jugs.cmp
2
3 > import ...
4
5
6
7 @Composable
8 fun App() {...}
9
10
11
12 @Composable
13 fun Page(greeting: String, showContent: Boolean, onShowContentChange: () -> Unit) {
14     Column(Modifier.fillMaxWidth(), horizontalAlignment = Alignment.CenterHorizontally) {
15         Button(onClick = onShowContentChange) {
16             Text("Click me!")
17         }
18         if (showContent) {
19             Image(painterResource(Res.drawable.compose_multiplatform), null)
20             Text("Compose: $greeting")
21         }
22     }
23 }
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
31
32
33
34
35
36
37 }
```

# Example



# Example



## Things to watch out for

- Platform dependencies
  - No Android dependencies
  - No JVM dependencies
  - Unsupported platforms of libraries
  - Unimplemented features of libraries
- Conceptional differences between platforms
  - No arbitrary file system access (sandbox).
  - No file system at all. (Web)
    - LocalStorage, OPFS, IndexedDB, in-memory file system, etc. instead
  - No multithreading (Web)
    - No threads. Have to use workers instead.
    - No Dispatcher.IO.
    - No runBlocking().
  - Cross-Origin Resource Sharing (CORS)
  - Different concepts for Back-Button handling.

# Questions